PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

| Applicant's or agent's file reference CDK2213 | FOR FURTHER A | CTION | See Form PCT/IPEA/416 | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| International application No. PCT/GB2005/000373 | International filing date 03.02.2005 | (day/month/year) | Priority date (day/monthlyear) 03.02.2004 | | | |
| International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC INV. A01N57/34 C02F5/14 | | | | | | |
| Applicant RHODIA UK LIMITED et al | | | | | | |
| This report is the international pre Authority under Article 35 and train | This report is the international preliminary examination report, established by this International Preliminary Examining Authority under Article 35 and transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36. | | | | | |
| 2. This REPORT consists of a total of | This REPORT consists of a total of 7 sheets, including this cover sheet. | | | | | |
| | This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, comprising: | | | | | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | | |
| and/or sheets containi | | | | | | |
| ☐ sheets which supersed beyond the disclosure Supplemental Box. | beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the | | | | | |
| sequence listing and/or tab | | | | | | |
| 4. This report contains indications re | . This report contains indications relating to the following items: | | | | | |
| Box No. I Basis of the rep | ort | | | | | |
| ☐ Box No. II Priority | | | | | | |
| ☐ Box No. III Non-establishm | ent of opinion with rega | d to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability | | | | |
| ☐ Box No. IV Lack of unity of | invention | | | | | |
| ☐ Box No. V Reasoned state applicability; cita | | | | | | |
| ☐ Box No. VI Certain docume | | | | | | |
| | ☐ Box No. VII Certain defects in the international applic | | | | | |
| ☐ Box No. VIII Certain observa | ☐ Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application | | | | | |
| Date of submission of the demand | | Date of completion of this | report | | | |
| 01.12.2005 | | 15.05.2006 | | | | |
| Name and mailing address of the internation preliminary examining authority: | | Authorized officer | godiens Printed | | | |
| European Patent Office - P.B. NL-2280 HV Rijswijk - Pays B Tel. +31 70 340 - 2040 Tx: 31 Fax: +31 70 340 - 3016 | las | Lamers, W Telephone No. +31 70 34 | 0-3713 | | | |

10./588474

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/GB2005/000373

AP20 Rec'd PCT/PTO 0.1 AUG 2006

| | Box | No. I | Basis of the report | | |
|----|--|----------|--|---|--|
| 1. | With regard to the language, this report is based on the international application in the language in which it we filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item. | | | | |
| | | which | is the language of a t | slations from the original language into the following language , ranslation furnished for the purposes of: | |
| | | □ put | olication of the interna | der Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)) tional application (under Rule 12.4) examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3) | |
| 2. | With regard to the elements* of the international application, this report is based on (replacement sheets which have been fumished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report): | | | | |
| | Des | cription | n, Pages | | |
| | 1-11 | | | as originally filed | |
| | Claims, Numbers | | | | |
| | 1-19 | | | filed with telefax on 01.12.2005 | |
| | | a sequ | uence listing and/or a | ny related table(s) - see Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing | |
| 3. | \boxtimes | The a | mendments have res | ulted in the cancellation of: | |
| | | | description, pages | | |
| | | | e claims, Nos. 20 e drawings, sheets/figs | S | |
| | | ☐ the | sequence listing (sp | | |
| | | | • | | |
| 4. | ☐ This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this report and listed below had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)). | | | | |
| | • | | e description, pages e claims, Nos. | | |
| | | ☐ the | e drawings, sheets/figs | | |
| | | | e sequence listing <i>(sp</i> v table(s) related to s | <i>ecify)</i> : equence listing <i>(specify)</i> : | |
| | | | | ome or all of these sheets may be marked "superseded." | |

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/GB2005/000373

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

1-19

No: Claims

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

1-19

No: Claims

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

1-19

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7):

see separate sheet

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (SEPARATE SHEET) International application No.

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Re Item V

Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

Reference is made to the following documents:

- D1: WO 99/33345 A (ALBRIGHT & WILSON UK LIMITED; JONES, CHRISTOPHER, RAYMOND; TALBOT, ROB) 8 July 1999 (1999-07-08)
- D2: EP-A-0 861 846 (RHODIA CONSUMER SPECIALTIES LIMITED; ALBRIGHT & WILSON UK LIMITED) 2 September 1998 (1998-09-02)
- D3: EP-A-0 491 391 (ALBRIGHT & WILSON LIMITED; ALBRIGHT & WILSON UK LIMITED; RHODIA CONSUM) 24 June 1992 (1992-06-24)
- D4: WO 00/21892 A (ALBRIGHT & WILSON UK LIMITED; ODELL, BARBARA; JONES, CHRISTOPHER, RAYM) 20 April 2000 (2000-04-20)

V.a. Certain observations on the international application

V.a.1. Claims 10 and 11 do not fulfil the requirements of Rule 6.2(a) PCT, which does not allow the claims to rely on references to the description.

Furthermore, parts of the examples relate to a "vinylidene-diphosphonic acid-terminated acrylate/sulphonate copolymer of molecular weight 5000-6000". It is clear to the skilled person, that "acrylate" refers to an "acrylic acid" monomer. A polymerisable monomer "sulphonic acid" however does not exist. As it is thus not clear which monomer is described by the term "sulphonate", it is not possible to judge the novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability of the subject-matter of these claims.

V.a.2. Claims 4 and 6 relate to an "acrylate/sulphonate copolymer" which appears to be a preferred embodiment of the "copolymer of an unsaturated carboxylic acid with a sulphonic acid". They thus do not relate to a generalized broad description of a certain type of copolymer, but to a specific polymer, described by the chemical names of its monomers. It is clear to the skilled person, that "acrylate" refers to an "acrylic acid" monomer. A polymerisable monomer "sulphonic acid" however does not exist. The term "acrylate/sulphonate copolymer" used in claims 4 and 6 is therefore incomplete and

unclear and as neither the descriptive part nor the examples further define which monomer is meant by "sulphonate", the reader is left in doubt as to the meaning of the technical feature to which the term refers, thereby rendering the definition of the subject-matter of said claims unclear, Article 6 PCT.

V.c. Novelty

Document D1 discloses synergistic biocidal compositions comprising THP salts and adjuvants, and their use for water treatment. Adjuvants which are mentioned as particular preferred, include phosphono (co)polymers as disclosed in documents D2 and D3 (see D1: page1, paragraph 1 and paragraph 4 - page 3, paragraph 1; page 6, lines 15 - 18; page 7, paragraph 3 - page 8, paragraph 4). These (co)polymers disclosed in D2 comprise polymers of acrylic acid, and acrylic acid/vinylsulphonic acid copolymers, both endcapped by 1-mono- or di-phosphonated 2-monophosphinated groups. The (co)polymers disclosed in D3 comprise polymers of unsaturated carboxylic acids with a partly phosphonated backbone.

Document D4 discloses (acidic) compositions for dissolving metal sulphides comprising THP salts. The document teaches, that additional water treatment agents **may** be added. A long list of such optional additives includes phosphonated telomers of acrylic acid and copolymers of acrylic acid, maleic, vinyl phosphonic, vinyl sulphonic acid and/or vinyl diphosphonic acids (see D4: page 2, lines 1 - 22; page 3, lines 21-22 and line 29 - page 4, line 1).

Compositions comprising a THP salt and a biopenetrant as described in claims 1, 15 and 16 are not disclosed in D1 or D2. In as far as understandable (see point V.a. above), the subject matter of claims 1-19 is therefore novel (Art. 33(2) PCT).

V.d. Inventive Step

Document D1, which is considered to present the closest state of the art with respect to the biocidal activity of the compositions as claimed in the present application, discloses synergistic biocidal compositions comprising THP salts and adjuvants, and their use for

water treatment. Adjuvants which are mentioned as particular preferred include phosphono (co)polymers as disclosed in documents D2 and D3 (see D1: page1, paragraph 1 and paragraph 4 - page 3, paragraph 1; page 6, lines 15 - 18; page 7, paragraph 3 - page 8, paragraph 4). These (co)polymers disclosed in D2 comprise polymers of acrylic acid, and acrylic acid/vinylsulphonic acid copolymers, both endcapped by 1-mono- or diphosphonated-2-monophosphinated groups. The (co)polymers disclosed in D3 comprise polymers of unsaturated carboxylic acids with a partly phosphonated backbone.

Document D4, which is considered to present the closest state of the art with respect to the metal sulphide scale removing activity of the compositions as claimed in the present application, discloses compositions for dissolving metal sulphides comprising THP salts, ammonium salts and acids. The document teaches, that additional water treatment agents may be added. A long list of such optional additives includes phosphonated telomers of acrylic acid and copolymers of acrylic acid, maleic, vinyl phosphonic, vinyl sulphonic acid and/or vinyl di-phosphonic acids (see D4: page 2, lines 1 - 22; page 3, lines 21-22 and line 29 - page 4, line 1).

From these two disclosures the subject matter as claimed by the present application differs, in that a THP salt is combined with a polymer of an unsaturated carboxylic acid or a copolymer of an unsaturated carboxylic acid with a sulphonic acid, said polymer or copolymer being either terminated by vinylphosphonic acid (VPA) or vinylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid (VDPA) or having such monomers incorporated into the polymer backbone.

The technical effects brought about by these distinguishing features is a synergistically increased biocidal effect and a synergistically increased metal sulphide dissolving effect.

The problem underlying the solution as proposed by the present application therefore appears to be the provision of further compositions comprising THP salts and a biopenetrant/water treatment additive.

Neither document D1 nor document D4 proposes to select the biopenetrant as described in claims 1, 15 and 18 of the present application for combinations with THP salts. As these combinations show surprising synergistic biocidal and metal sulphide dissolving effects, the subject matter of claims 1-19 (in as far as understandable [see point V.a. above]) involves an inventive step (Art. 33(3) PCT).

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

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V.e. Industrial Applicability

In as far as understandable (see point V.a. above), the subject matter of claims 1-19 appears to be industrially applicable (Art. 33(4) PCT).

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CLAIMS

- A synergistic composition comprising:
 - (i) a THP salt (as hereinbefore defined) and
- (ii) a biopenetrant, wherein the biopenetrant comprises a polymer of an unsaturated carboxylic acid or a copolymer of an unsaturated carboxylic acid with a sulphonic acid, said polymer or copolymer being either terminated by vinylphosphonic acid (VPA) or vinylidene-1, 1-diphosphonic acid (VDPA) or having such monomers incorporated into the polymer backbone.
- 2. A composition according to Claim 1, in which the THP salt is tetrakis(hydroxymethyl) phosphonium sulphate.
- 3. A composition according to Claim 1, in which the THP salt is tetrakis (hydroxymethyl) phosphonium phosphite, bromide, fluoride, chloride, phosphate, carbonate, acetate, formate, citrate, borate or silicate.
- 4. A composition according to any one of Claims 1 to 3 wherein the polymer or copolymer of the biopenetrant is a polyacrylate or an acrylate/sulphonate copolymer.
- 25 5. A composition according to Claim 4, in which the biopenetrant is a VPA end-capped polymer or a VDPA end-capped polymer (both as hereinbefore defined) or a polyacrylate incorporating VPA and/or VDPA monomers.
- 30 6. A composition according to Claim 4, in which the biopenetrant is a VDPA end-capped copolymer or a VPA end-capped copolymer (both as

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hereinbefore defined) or an acrylate/sulphonate copolymer incorporating VPA and/or VDPA monomers.

- 7. A composition according to Claim 5 or 6, in which the proportion of VPA or VDPA polymer or copolymer is in the range of from 1 to 50% by weight, (based upon active solids and a 1 to 74% THP salt formulation).
- 8. A composition according to Claim 7, in which the proportion is in the range of from 1 to 25% by weight.
 - 9. A composition according to Claim 8, in which the proportion is in the range of from 1 to 5% by weight.
- 15 10. A synergistic biocidal composition, substantially as described herein with reference to the Examples.
 - 11. A synergistic iron sulphide dissolving composition, substantially as described herein with reference to the Examples.
 - 12. The use of a composition according to any one of Claims 1 to 10 as a biocide.
- 13. The use of Claim 12 wherein the use is against planktonic (freeswimming) and/or sessile (attached) bacteria.
 - 14. The use of Claim 12 or Claim 13 wherein the use is in reducing the level of general heterotrophic bacteria and/or of sulphate reducing bacteria in water.

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- 15. A method of treating a water system contaminated, or liable to contamination, with microbes such as bacteria, fungi or algae, which method comprises adding to said system separately or together, a biocidally active amount of a THP salt and a biopenetrant, wherein the biopenetrant comprises a polymer of an unsaturated carboxylic acid or a copolymer of an unsaturated carboxylic acid with a sulphonic acid, said polymer or copolymer being either terminated by vinylphosphonic acid (VPA) or vinylidene-1. 1-diphosphonic acid (VDPA) or having such monomers incorporated into the polymer backbone, thereby killing at least some of said microbes.
- 16. The use of a composition according to any one of Claims 1 to 9 and 11 to dissolve metal sulphide.
- 15 17. The use of Claim 16 wherein the metal sulphide is iron sulphide scale.
 - 18. A method of treating a water system containing or in contact with an metal sulphide scale, which method comprises adding to said system separately or together, a THP salt and a biopenetrant, wherein the biopenetrant comprises a polymer of an unsaturated carboxylic acid or a copolymer of an unsaturated carboxylic acid with a sulphonic acid, said polymer or copolymer being either terminated by vinylphosphonic acid (VPA) or vinylidene-1, 1-diphosphonic acid (VDPA) or having such monomers incorporated into the polymer backbone, thereby dissolving at least part of said scale.
 - 19. The method of Claim 18 wherein the scale is iron sulphide scale.